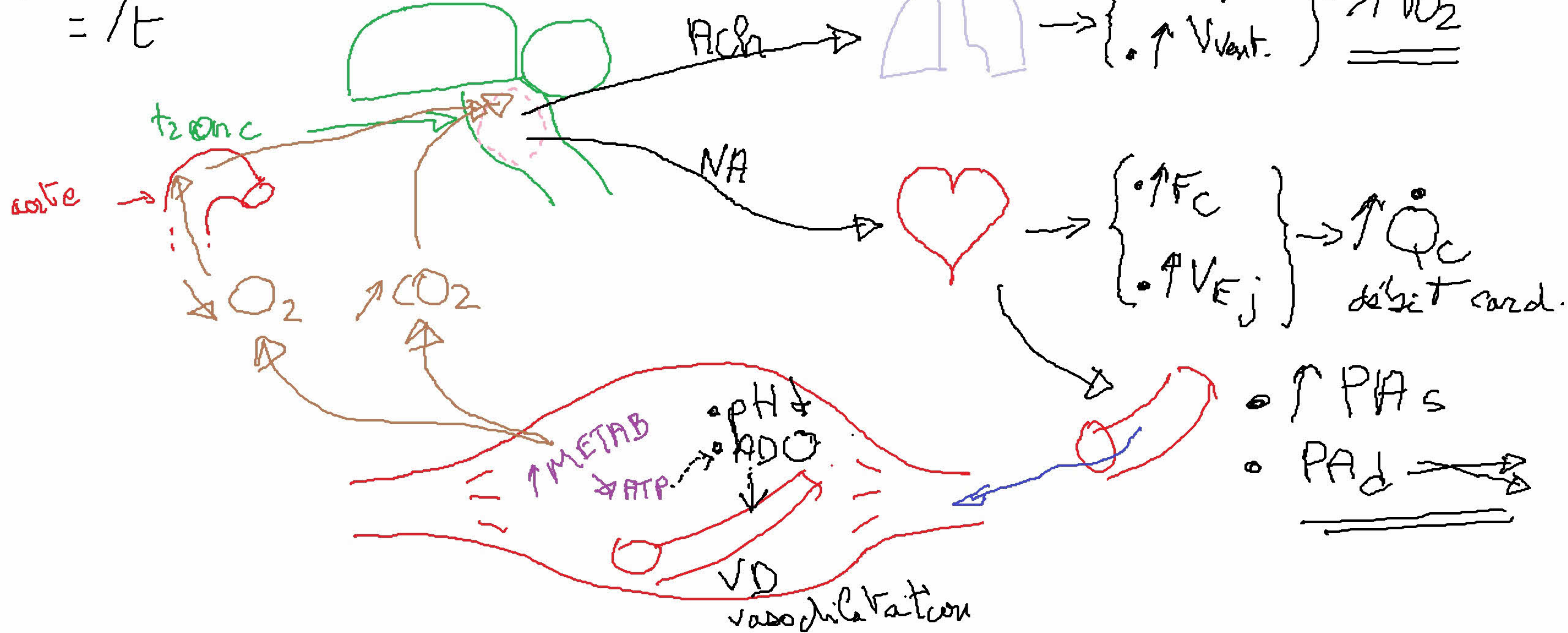


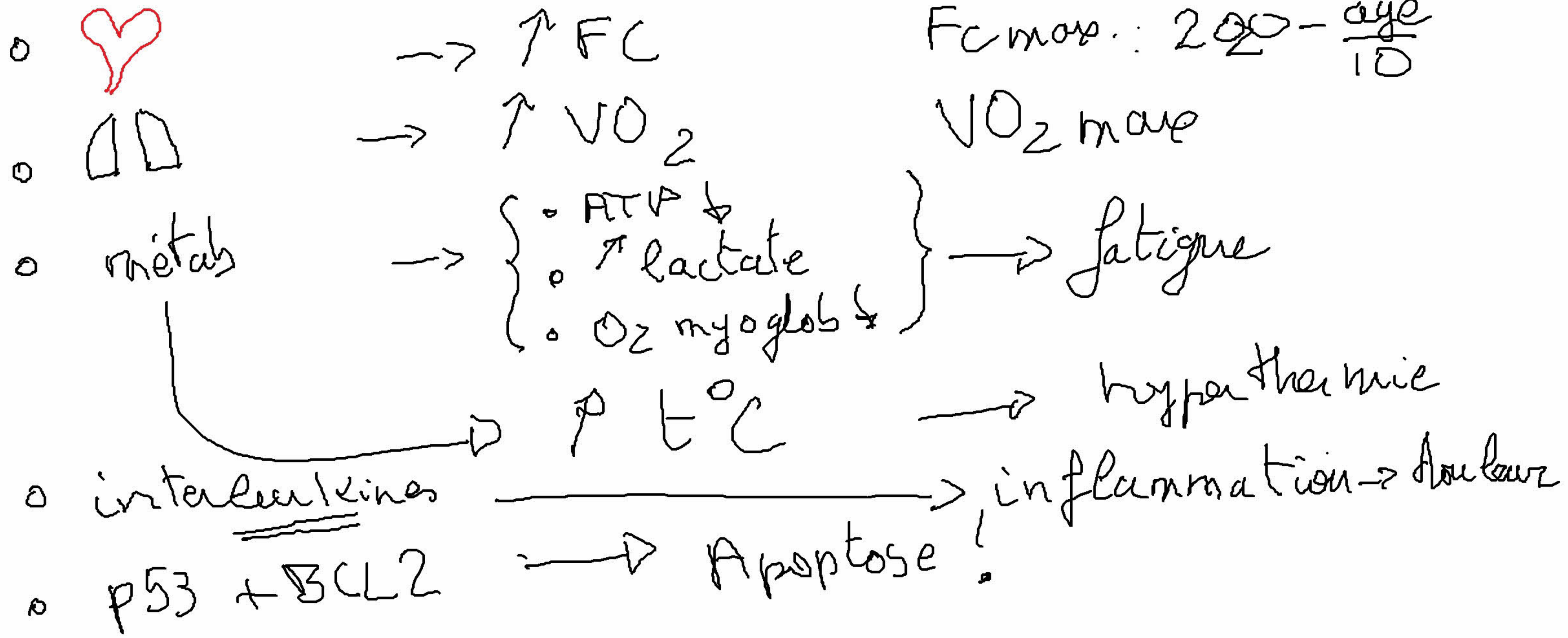
I : adaptation instantanée : 2-3 cycles card.



"•" = /t      π: adaptations durant l'effort



III : limiter de l'adaptation au cours de l'effort



$F_{cmax} : 220 - \frac{age}{10}$

VO<sub>2</sub> max



fatigue

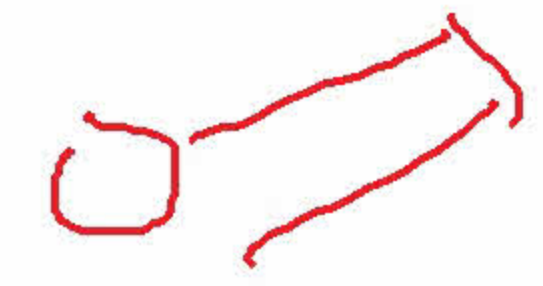
hyperthermie

inflammation → douleur

Apoptose !

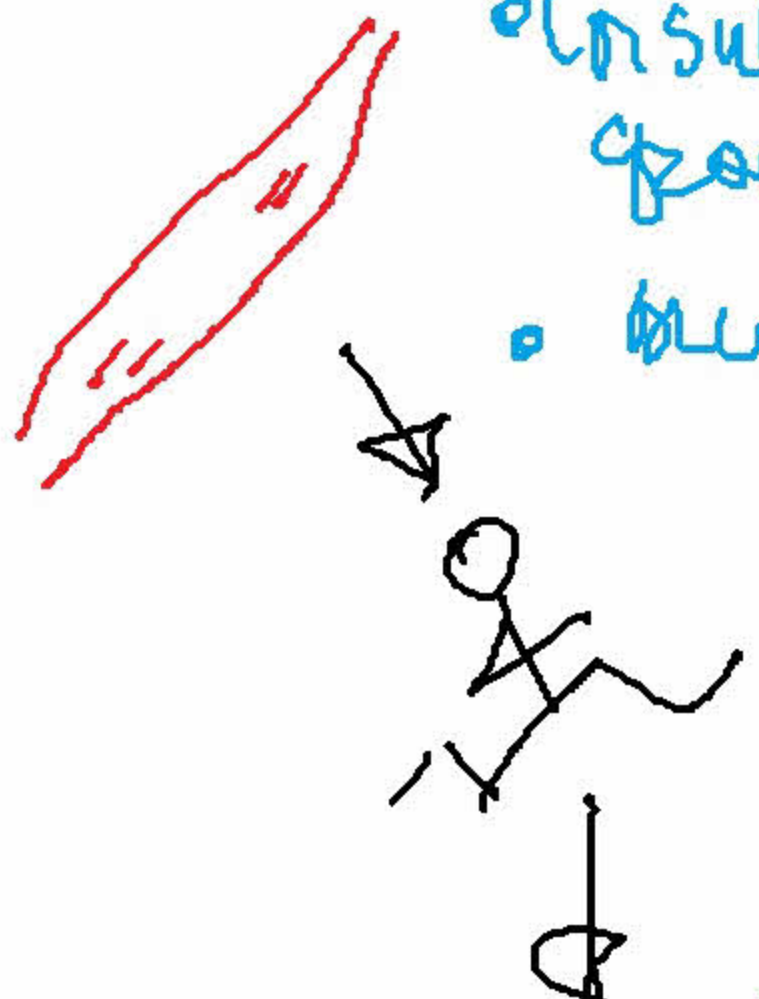
# IV: effets de l'exercice.

param. $\pm$ $\cup$			X
$F_c$ b/min.	70	180	2.5
$V_{Ej}$ ml	70	140	2
$\bar{Q}_c$ l/m	5	25	5
$F_v$ c/min	12	40-50	4
$\bar{Q}_v$ l/min	6	7, 100	15
$\dot{V}O_2$ ml/min	250	3000-4000	15
$p_s$ ) cm Hg	12	<u>17-18</u>	1.5
$p_a$ )	7	7-6	2.5

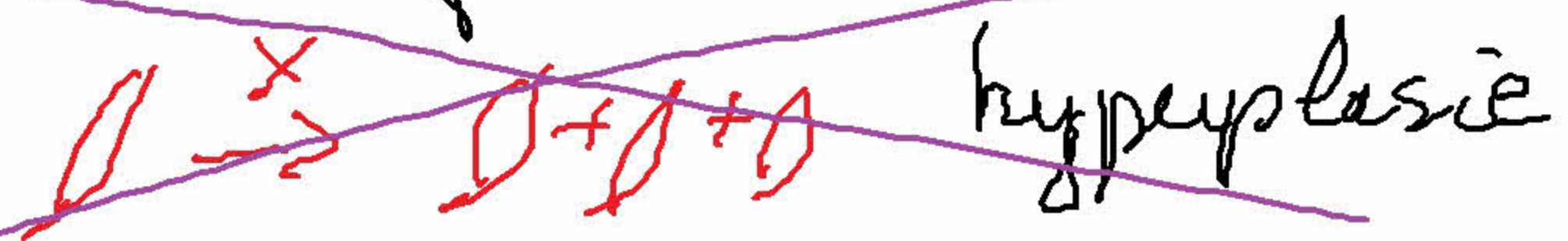


V: adaptation in long term.

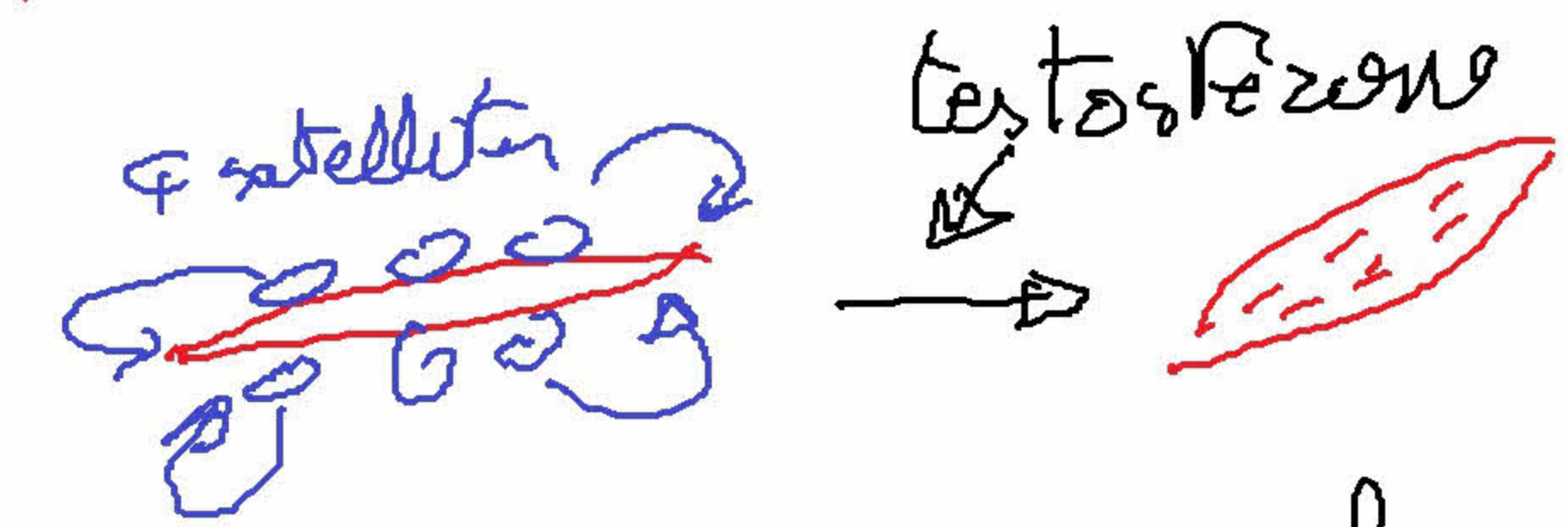
insulin like growth factor  
 • muscular g.f.



①



②



③



enduro  
 interconversion?  
 - inverse

Fib I (O<sub>2</sub>)  
 Fib I + Fib II (O<sub>2</sub>)

VI: limites de l'adaptation à l'enfant.

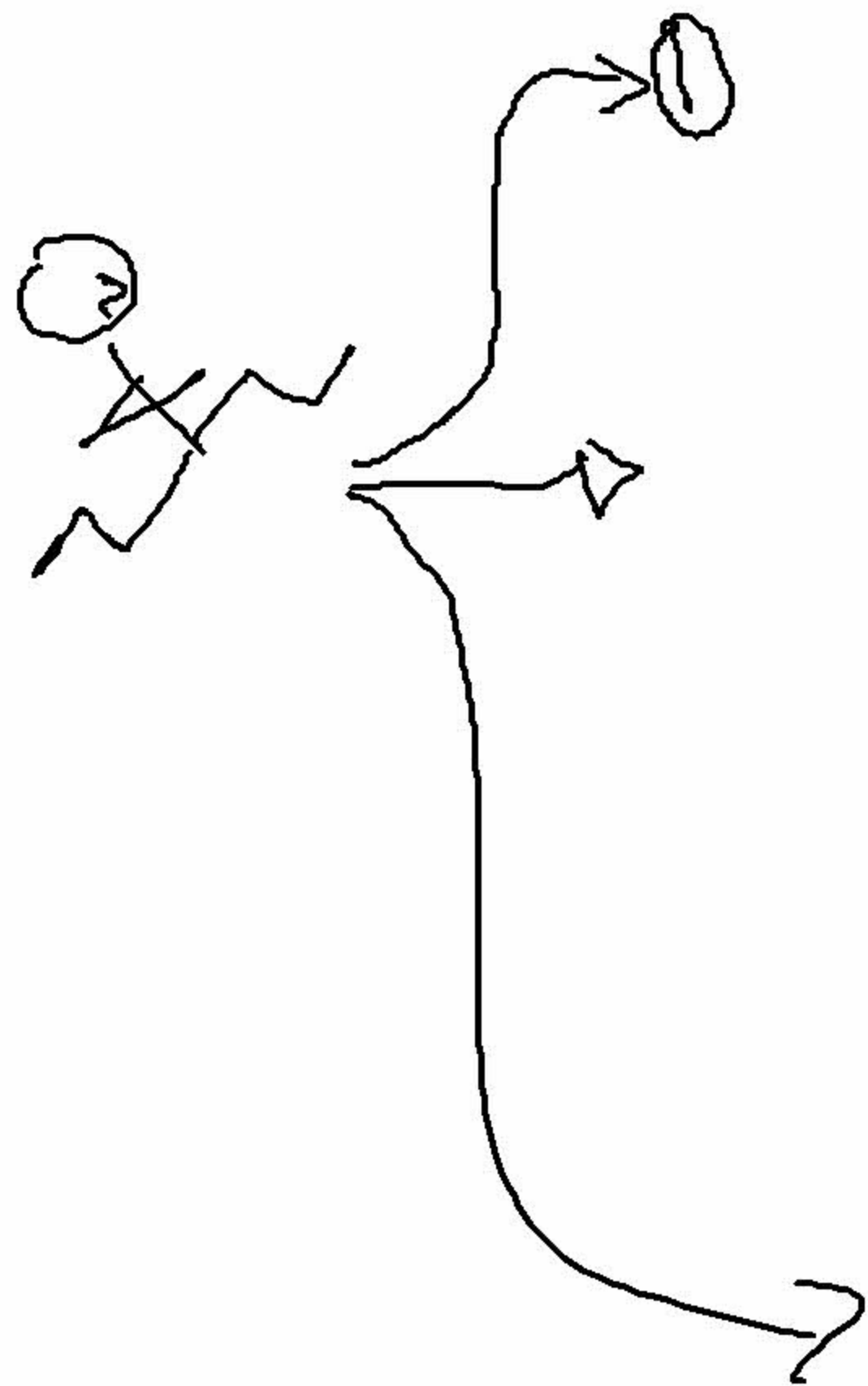
o FGF = fibroblast g. f.

angiogenèse << hypertrophie



hypostatine

=> ischémie!



VII - Synthèse

chronic

brief

mojen  
(incours  
d'effort)

long  
terme

mechanisme

l'ordre des  
stades

regul.  
cardiovasc  
+ pulm.

hypertrophie  
cellulaire

limites

2-3 yds

- o Forme
- o  $\dot{V}O_2$  max

- o Fibrose
- o ischémie
- o myostatique